



Caption. Photo credit

Reporting Solar Use Standard Compliance

Bus sam eventor epudantur? Aspeles dis di sit etum ex et quid maioreces es milit eatem ellaborerror sim vel et ipicab il imus sit et aliquo delesti aeptas is que cum fugitatur, simpor maximi, et eumquatque sero vendel is sinvento es quundissit aliquam alibus. Iciusdandi cor ad quundam usciatem dolest ulparum dipiendia doluptaesus.

Hendelis eos magnatur sequae officiunt volor si aborror anda aut eos abo. Et quiae num ipsaect atemporia cum, sum, quo ex et, non eum cum comnimus, nectis et fugiatur moluptatet hil magnime necatur, quae. Dandaep uditem ello dolessit lam cuptibus, comnis et lat qui voloriae. Et mo dolescia dolupidi doluptised es unt dissum sequatus explabo riasime nem reptas consequae qui utem anime sitatio remoluptas rest, omniscipis nonsect assimusdam.

Bus sam eventor epudantur? Aspeles dis di sit etum ex et quid maioreces es milit eatem ellaborerror sim vel et ipicab il imus sit et aliquo delesti aeptas is que cum fugitatur, simpor maximi, et eumquatque sero vendel is sinvento es.

Energy Efficiency

The Recovery Act offers financial incentives for EERE awards Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grants to local governments, states, U.S. territories and Indian tribes to support activities that reduce energy use and fossil fuel emissions, create jobs, and improve energy efficiency in all sectors. The funding supports energy audits and energy efficiency retrofits in residential and commercial buildings, the development and implementation of advanced building codes and inspections, and the creation of financial incentive programs for energy efficiency improvements.



Caption here. Photo credit



Caption here. Photo from Florida Power & Light Company, NREL/PIX 17237

Applying for Recovery Act Funding subhead 1

Subhead 2

The easiest method for tracking EERE funding opportunity announcements specific to the Recovery Act is through the DOE Recovery Act Web site – www.energy.gov/recovery. First-time applicants should register before submitting applications. Applicants should register

early as the process can take up to two weeks. Be sure to read and follow the instructions carefully to avoid delays and the possibility of missing funding opportunities.

Subhead 3

DOE uses a competitive solicitation process to select research, development, and demonstration projects, as well as industrial energy efficiency projects. Grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and other transactions to companies, universities, and other entities are selected through a competitive process.

Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grants

EERE awards Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grants to local governments, states, U.S. territories and Indian tribes to support activities that reduce energy use and fossil fuel emissions, create jobs, and improve energy efficiency in all sectors. The funding supports energy audits and energy efficiency retrofits in residential and commercial buildings, the development. Other

activities that could receive funding include transportation programs designed to conserve energy, projects to reduce and capture methane emissions from landfills, renewable energy.

State Energy Program

Under the State Energy Program (SEP), EERE provides funding to states and territories to design and implement energy efficiency and renewable energy programs that address energy priorities. SEP strength efficiencies include general education, transportation efficiency, building energy efficiency, industrial energy efficiency, utility clean energy.

As of December 2008, more than 1,900 stations offer E85 in the U.S. compared to approximately 162,000 gasoline stations. DOE a database of nationwide alternative fuel infrastructure, which is available through the Alternative Fuels and Advanced Vehicles Data Center Station Locator at http://www.afdc.energy.gov/afdc/stations/find_station.php.

New processes have demonstrated high levels of conversion efficiency and yields, with improved process economics.

Program Goals

- By 2012, develop technologies to make ethanol from cellulosic feedstock more cost-competitive.
- By 2017, create an environment conducive to sustainable biofuels production, including cost effective technology, supportive infrastructure.
- By 2022, facilitate U.S. biorefinery production of 21 billion gallons of cellulosic and advanced biofuels.



Caption here. Photo from Florida Power & Light Company, NREL/PIX 17237

Applying for Recovery Act Funding subhead 1

Subhead 2

The easiest method for tracking EERE funding opportunity announcements specific to the Recovery Act is through the DOE Recovery Act Web site – www.energy.gov/recovery. First-time applicants should register before submitting applications. Applicants should register early as the process can take up to two weeks. Be sure to read and follow the instructions carefully to avoid delays and the possibility of missing funding opportunities.

Research, Development, and Demonstration Grants

DOE uses a competitive solicitation process to select research, development, and demonstration projects, as well as

New processes have demonstrated high levels of conversion efficiency and yields, with improved process economics.

industrial energy efficiency projects. Grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and other transactions to companies, universities, and other entities are selected through a competitive process.

Reporting Solar Use Standard Compliance

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (Recovery Act) is an unprecedented effort to jumpstart our economy, create or save millions of jobs, and make a down payment on our energy and environmental future. The Recovery Act addresses long-neglected challenges so our country can thrive in the twenty-first century

and was signed into law by President Obama on February 17, 2009.

The Department of Energy's (DOE) role in this historic effort is critical. Through an array of initiatives, DOE will work to transform the way we use energy; help reduce our carbon emissions; create entire new industries based on our own energy resources, ingenuity, and workers; and turn the economic crisis into an opportunity to build a clean, secure, and prosperous energy future. Secretary of Energy Steven Chu's objectives for the Recovery Act include starting projects quickly, ensuring projects have value.

Program Goals

- By 2012, develop technologies to make ethanol from cellulosic feedstock more cost-competitive.
- By 2017, create an environment conducive to sustainable biofuels production, including cost effective technology, supportive infrastructure.
- By 2022, facilitate U.S. biorefinery production of 21 billion gallons of cellulosic and advanced biofuels.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

For more information, visit: xxxx.energy.gov

DOE/Publication Number • Month Year
Printed with a renewable-source ink on paper containing at least 50% wastepaper, including 10% post consumer waste.